



Sustainable Finance Taxonomy

#PositiveImpact

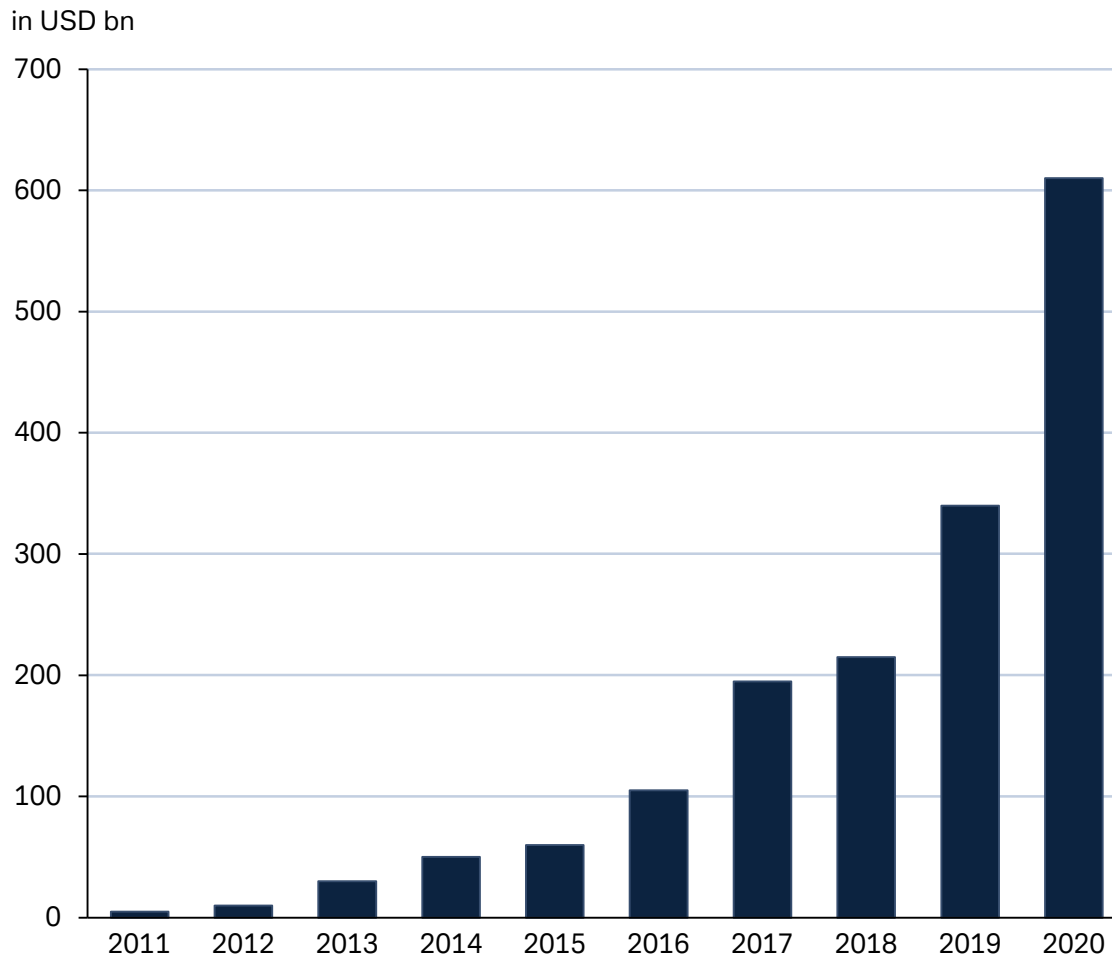
Viktoriya Brand
Head of Group Sustainability

May 20, 2021

Unprecedented focus – are we on the right track?



While ESG bond volumes are rising...¹⁾



...climate indicators are still not reacting

1.6 °C

above average temperature
in 2020²⁾

2bn t

increase in CO₂ emissions
since 2011³⁾

1.5%

average decrease in studied animal
population since 2011⁴⁾

9.3 m

loss in glacier-wide ice thickness
since 2011⁵⁾

1) Environmental Finance: Sustainable Bonds Insight 2021; 2) Copernicus Climate Change Service/ECMWF: ERA5; 3) Our World in Data; 4) World Wildlife Fund (WWF) and Zoological Society of London; 5) WGMS (2020): Global Glacier Change Bulletin No. 3 (2016–2017)

Challenges in financing low carbon economy

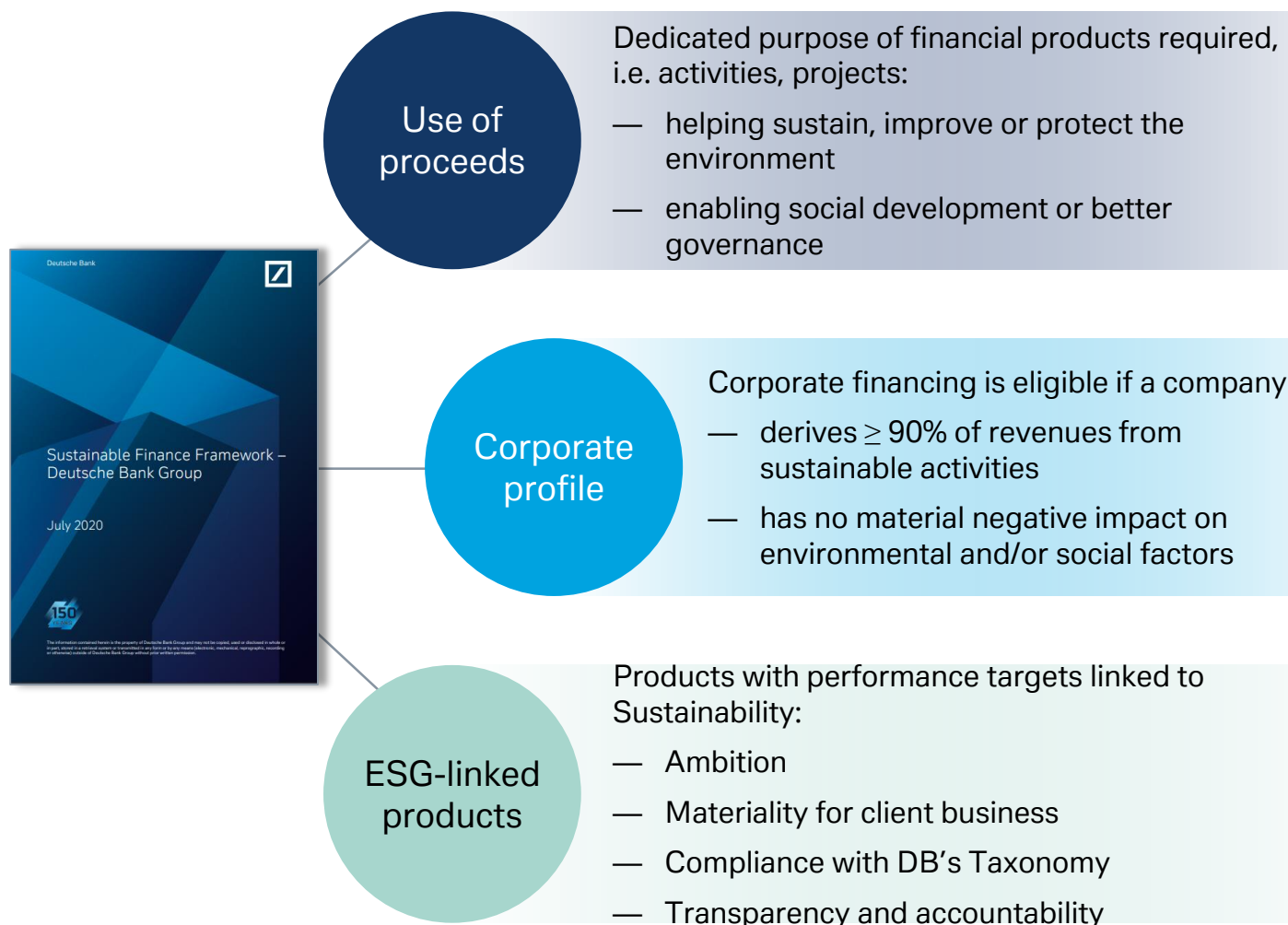


- There is no uniformly accepted definition of sustainable economic activities today
 - High market uncertainty with respect to what classifies as sustainable
- Proliferation of emerging (local) standards and external opinions on what qualifies as sustainable
 - Difficult to navigate this space for corporates and the financial industry
- EU Taxonomy represents a positive development but the standard does not yet fully reflect the transitional activities, is complex to implement and does not yet capture social sustainability
 - Challenge to make longer-term investment decisions and impact on funding of transitional activities; social area remains a judgement call by market participants

Taking swift action – Our Sustainable Finance Framework



DB's Sustainable Finance Taxonomy



Cases

SB Energy

USD 255m
tranched development
financing for Solar and
Storage Projects



Blackstone

GBP 220m CMBS
First UK securitized
social transaction



First global ESG-linked
Foreign Exchange
option trade

Standing for credibility, transparency, accountability



Effective process in place

Taxonomy Training	<ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Training of front-office staff on taxonomy to engage with clients on transition dialogues	 50% of relevant front-office staff received training offer by end of 2021; 100% by end of 2022
Controls	<ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Established controls within each business division■ Group Sustainability as second line of defence:<ul style="list-style-type: none">– develop ESG financing classification requirements– validate selected deals	 244 evaluated transactions in Q1 2021, thereof ~95% confirmed as sustainable
Governance	<ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Sustainable Finance Product and Governance Forum resolves “grey” areas and opines on innovation	 14 deals discussed since inception in Jan. 2021

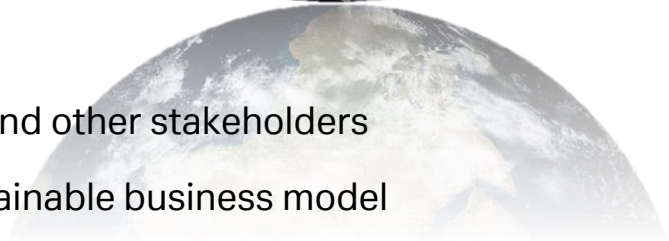
From ambition to impact



Our sustainable finance ambition...

...to have maximum impact for a more sustainable world

EUR 200bn
by 2023¹⁾



- **Harmonising standards** by engaging with peers, regulators, and other stakeholders
- **Supporting our clients** on their transition path towards a sustainable business model
- **Enhancing ESG data quality and insights** to accelerate transparency

1) Sustainable Finance volume (cumulative; DB Group excl. DWS)

Speaker biography – Viktoriya Brand



Viktoriya has been Head of Group Sustainability at Deutsche Bank since November 2016. She joined the bank in 2010 and Group Sustainability in 2012.

Viktoriya is the Deutsche Bank representative for various international initiatives on Sustainability, including the Banking Environment Initiative convened by the Cambridge Institute for Sustainability Leadership; the Corporate Responsibility and Sustainability Council of the international Conference Board; and the Sustainable Business Roundtable at the European School of Management & Technology.

Before joining Deutsche Bank, Viktoriya was a Senior Advisor in the Financial Services Risk Management division at Ernst & Young. There, she worked with clients in the financial sector on the implementation of capital requirements under Solvency Regulation and Minimum Requirements for Risk Management.

Viktoriya holds a Master's degree in Economics, with a minor in Finance, from Goethe-University in Frankfurt, Germany, as well as a Master's degree in French, German and English from the State Linguistic Institute, Ukraine.

Cautionary statements



This presentation contains forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are statements that are not historical facts; they include statements about our beliefs and expectations and the assumptions underlying them. These statements are based on plans, estimates and projections as they are currently available to the management of Deutsche Bank. Forward-looking statements therefore speak only as of the date they are made, and we undertake no obligation to update publicly any of them in light of new information or future events.

By their very nature, forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties. A number of important factors could therefore cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statement. Such factors include the conditions in the financial markets in Germany, in Europe, in the United States and elsewhere from which we derive a substantial portion of our revenues and in which we hold a substantial portion of our assets, the development of asset prices and market volatility, potential defaults of borrowers or trading counterparties, the implementation of our strategic initiatives, the reliability of our risk management policies, procedures and methods, and other risks referenced in our filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. Such factors are described in detail in our SEC Form 20-F of 12 March 2021 under the heading “Risk Factors.” Copies of this document are readily available upon request or can be downloaded from www.db.com/ir.

This presentation also contains non-IFRS financial measures. For a reconciliation to directly comparable figures reported under IFRS refer to www.db.com/ir